

AR662.B

UNIVERSAL CONTROLLER WITH TWO ROW DISPLAY



Single channel process controller with autotuning PID parameters functions













Bargraph

- RS485 MODBUS-RTU
- 4 USB port COM MODBUS-RTU
- Ethernet MODBUS-TCP MOTT
- ©L. Software ARSOFT-CFG
- control and monitoring of temperature and other physical values (humidity, pressure, flow rate, level, speed, ect.) processed to a standard electrical signal
- configurable architecture enabling use in many fields and applications (industrial, heating, food, energy, etc.)
- universal measuring input (resistance thermometers, thermocouple, analogue $0/4 \div 20$ mA, $0 \div 10$ V, $0 \div 60$ mV, $0 \div 2$, 5k Ω)
- 2 function buttons (F i SET) and digital input (BIN) for guick selection operating mode of controller, separately programmable: start/stop of control, manual/automatic mode for outputs, step change of the set point value SP (day / night, with separate control parameters), keyboard lock, resetting errors and alarms STB (LATCH)
- 3 control/alarm outputs ON/OFF type (two-state P/SSR) with independent functionalities and control algorithms:
 - ON-OFF with hysteresis (characteristics for heating and cooling, band alarms in range, out of range and with deviation for 3-position control)
 - PID (selection of independent 3 sets of parameters), advanced functions of automatic tuning of PID parameters, smart logic
 - programmed control characteristic (process controller with timer, up to 6 sections, including 3 ramping sections inclination for heating/cooling or for cooling/defrosting, 3 setpoints SP with ON-OFF or PID control, selection of the auxiliary output and its status, displaying remaining time for the entire section or after exceeding SP, etc.)
 - thermostat/safety controller STB (alarm state open or closed, can be used as LATCH alarm memory e.g. when exceeds a threshold or a band)
 - ability to control a three-way mixing valve with an actuator (step control, Servo) with two contact inputs (open close)
 - manual mode (open control loop) with initial value of control signal (MV) taken from current automatic mode or programmed by user
 - direct or inverse copy of the output 1 state (applies to outputs 2 and 3, can be used e.g. to implement **DPDT** changeover relay or to take over the function of the damaged P1)
 - limiting maximum level of output signal (power), also includes associated mA/V analog output
- analog output **0/4÷20mA lub 0/2÷10V** for control or retransmission of measurements and set values:
 - getting control parameters from any associated two state output (1, 2, 3), both in automatic and manual mode
 - shockless (soft) switching of the output signal, e.g. after changing manual/automatic mode or control start/stop
 - correction (calibration) of range of changes of output signal (offset for end values to obtain non-standard ranges e.g. 2÷16mA or 1÷9V)
- wide range of supply voltages (18÷265 Vac/22÷350 Vdc) and built-in power supply for supplying on-site transducers 24Vdc/30mA
- readable LED display with adjustable brightness, typical units of measurement and signaling work status (messages, errors, etc.):
 - white color measured value PV (upper row), units and symbols of status of outputs and serial transmissions (1, 2, 3, °C, %, %RH, mA, A, mV, V, m, or none)
 - red, bottom row selectable setpoints SP or 8-segment bargraph for MV (control signal), PV (measurement), output signal mA/V or none
- optional **RS485** serial interface, protocol **MODBUS-RTU** for reading measurements and parameter configuration
- optional Ethernet interface, protocol MODBUS-TCP i MQTT (for internet of things IoT/M2M, a cloud and mobile applications), possibility of data exchange via the Internet
- **USB interface** (micro USB port, standard equipment, for parameter programming, viewing measurements and updating firmware)
- automatic or fixed line resistance compensation for resistive sensors and thermocouple cold junction temperature compensation
- programmable type of input, indication range (for analog inputs), control options, alarms, display, communication, access, and other configuration parameters
- access to configuration parameters protected with a user password or without protection
- methods for configuring parameters:
 - via membrane keyboard IP65 located on the front panel
 - via USB, RS485 or Ethernet and freeware ARsoft-CFG (for Windows 7/10) or user application (using protocols MODBUS-RTU i TCP)
- free software ARSOFT-CFG (download from www.apar.pl) enabling the preview of measured value and guick configuration single or ready parameter sets previously saved on a computer for re-use, e.g. in other controllers of the same type (duplicate configuration)
- housing for mounting on a 35mm DIN rail, protection class IP40 (IP20 from the side of connectors)
- modern technical solutions, intuitive and clear operation, high accuracy and long-term stability as well as resistance to interference
- optional to choose from (in the way of ordering): control outputs for SSR, analog output 0/2÷10V (instead 0/4÷20mA) and RS485 and Ethernet interface (RJ45 conenctor)

Contents of set:

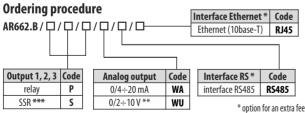
- controler with handles mounting
- user manual

Available accessories:

- USB cable (A micro B) for connection with a computer, length 1.5 m
- USB to RS485 converter (with galvanic separation)



TECHNIC	AL DATA	
Number of measu	-	1 universal (resistance thermometer RTD, thermocouple, analog mA/V/ Ω)
Universal input (p	programmable, 17 typ	oes, conversion A/C 18 bits), measuring ranges
- Pt100 (RTD, 3- or	2-wire)	-200 \div 850 °C - thermocouple R (TC, PtRh13-Pt) -40 \div 1600 °C
- Pt500 (RTD, 3- or 2-wire) -2		-200 ÷ 620 °C - thermocouple T (TC, Cu-CuNi) -25 ÷ 350 °C
- Pt1000 (RTD, 3- or 2-wire) -2		-200 ÷ 520 °C - thermocouple E (TC, NiCr-CuNi) -25 ÷ 820 °C
- Ni100 (RTD, 3- or 2-wire) -		-50 ÷ 170 °C − thermocouple N (TC, NiCrSi-NiSi) −35 ÷ 1300 °C
- thermocouple J (T	C, Fe-CuNi)	$-40 \div 800$ °C - current (mA, Rwe = 50 Ω) 0/4 \div 20 mA
- thermocouple K (TC, NiCr-NiAl)		$-40 \div 1200$ °C - voltage (V, Rwe = 110 kΩ) $0 \div 10$ V
- thermocouple S (T	C, PtRh 10-Pt)	$-40 \div 1600$ °C - voltage (mV, Rwe > 2 M Ω) $0 \div 60$ mV
		$300 \div 1800$ °C - resistance (R, 3- or 2-wire) $0 \div 2500 \Omega$
Response time fo	r measurements (10	0÷90%) 0,2 ÷ 3,5 s (programmable, default ~0,5 s)
Resistance of lead	ds (RTD, R)	Rd $<$ 25 Ω (for each line), compensation of line resistance
Resistive input current (RTD, R)		400 μA (Pt100, Ni100), 200 μA (Pt500, Pt1000, 2500 Ω)
Processing errors	(at 25°C ambient tem	nperature):
- basic	- for RTD, mA, V,mV, R	0,1 % of the measurement range ±1 digit
	- for thermocoupels	0,2 % of the measurement range ±1 digit
- additional for thermocouples		< 2 °C (thermocouple cold junction temperature compensation)
- additional from a	mbient temp. changes	s < 0,004 % of the input range /°C
Indication range	(programmable)	total -1999÷9999 (maximum range of indications for analog inputs)
Display resolution / dot position		programmable, $\mathbf{E} \div \mathbf{FFFF}$, for thermometric inputs 0,1 °C or 1 °C
Outputs P/SSR (3 sepatare)	relay P1÷P3	5A/250Vac (for resistance load), SPST-NO, standard for outputs 1,2
	SSR1÷SSR3 (option)	transistor type NPN OC, 11V, current < 23mA, standard for output 3
Analogue output	- current (standard)	$0/4 \div 20$ mA, load Ro < 1 kΩ, max resolution 1,4 μA, 14 bit, active
(mA or V, without separation from input)	- voltage (option)	$0/2 \div 10 \text{ V}$, load lo < 3,7mA (Ro > 2,7 k Ω), max resolution 0,7mV, 14 bit
	- errors (at 25°C)	basic< 0,1 % output range, additional< 0,004 % /°C
Digital input BIN (2-state)		contact or voltage < 24V, active leve: short circuit or < 0,8V
Power (Usup, universal, comply with the standards 24Vac/dc and 230Vac)		e 18 ÷ 265 Vac, <3VA (alternating voltage, 50/60Hz)
		22 ÷ 350 Vdc, <4W (direct voltage)
Power supply of field transducers		24Vdc/30mA
Communication interfaces (independent, they can be used simultaneously)	- USB (mirco type B, standard)	drivers for the Windows 7/8/10 (virtual serial port COM, communication with computer, MODBUS-RTU protocol, Slave)
	- RS485	MODBUS-RTU protocol (Slave), bitrate 2,4÷115,2 kbit/s, programmable
	(option)	sign format (<u>8N1</u> , 8E1, 8o1, 8N2), galvanic separation
	- Ethernet (option)	RJ45 connector, 10base-T, protocols TCP/IP: MODBUS-TCP (Server), MQTT (client, v.3.1.1), DHCP (client, ICMP (ping), galvanic separation
Display (LED with brightness adjustment, signaling status of outputs and measuring units)		top row: white color, 7-segment, height digit 9 mm
		bottom row: red color, 7-segment, height digit 7 mm
		$0 \div 50^{\circ}$ C, <90 %RH (no condensation) air and neutral gases, no dust
Rated operating	conditions	
		enclosure IP40, connection side IP20
Rated operating		
Rated operating of Protection rating Electromagnetic of Safety requirements	ompatibility	enclosure IP40, connection side IP20
Rated operating of Protection rating Electromagnetic co	ompatibility	enclosure IP40, connection side IP20 immunity:according to the PN-EN 61000-6-2, emission:PN-EN 61000-6-4



** output $0/2 \div 10 \text{ V}$ it is mounted **instead** of the output $0/4 \div 20 \text{ mA}$ (standard) *** order with only one SSR output is only available for output 3 (fully functional)

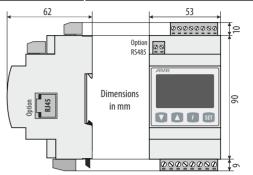
Order examples (standard execution):

AR662.B/P/P/S/WA

AR662.B, 1 and 2 relay outputs, output 3 for control SSR (NPN-OC), analog output 0/4 \div 20 mA (active), without RS485 and Ethernet interfaces

INSTALATION DATA

Enclosure and material	on rail, Modulbox 3MH53, PC/ABS self-extinguishing
Dimensions and weight	53 x 90 x 62 mm (without connectors), ~160 g
Fixing methods	on rail TS35 (DIN EN 60715)
Conductor cross-sections (separable connectors)	2.5mm2 (supply and outputs P/SSR), 1.5mm2 (othrers)



TERMINAL STRIPS, ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

1. Description of connectors Measuring input TC, mV Analog output USB 8 6 4 2 Option 10 9 RJ45 + RS Option 10base-T Available on the side of the

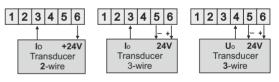
2. Connection of a 2- and 3-wire transducer

SSR1

(lo - current, Uo - voltage output)

12 13

Usup

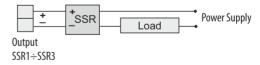


SSR2

enclosure

19 20

$\textbf{3. Connection of a SSR type relay} \ to \ regulator's \ control \ output$



4. Galvanic separation of circuits

